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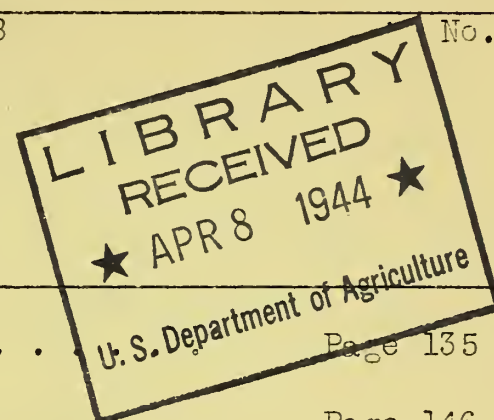
S O I L C O N S E R V A T I O N L I T E R A T U R E
S E L E C T E D C U R R E N T R E F E R E N C E S

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"The more extensive a man's knowledge of what has been done, the greater will be his power of knowing what to do." - Beaconsfield

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Mildred Benton
Librarian

PERIODICAL ARTICLESAerial Mapping

Aerial photographic mapping by U.S. Geological survey. Civ.Engin.8(10): 661-666,illus. October 1938.

Part I. Development of equipment and methods, by J.H.Pratt; Part II. Mapping with the multiplex aeropjector.

Beavers

"Beaver man" contradicts long belief that beavers born in captivity will not breed. New England Homestead 3(17):3,9,illus. Aug.27,1938.

The work of the "beaver man" Edouard Lavoie is of a particular interest at this time because of the recent proposal to "plant"beavers along Idaho streams to aid soil erosion and conservation work.

Contour Furrows

Shuhart,D.V. Thirteen years of contour furrows. Soil Conserv.4(3): 72-74. September 1938.

Tells of furrows plowed for water conservation near Boomer Lake Dam at Stillwater,Oklahoma in 1925. The writer states that a critical study of the field which had been contour furrowed reveals some interesting points which may contribute something to the answers of questions concerning contour furrows.

Watson,W.R. Corrugation furrows in the Smoky Hill River project. Soil Conserv.4(3):65-66,illus. September 1938.

Describes "a unique type of contour furrow" developed by technicians at the SCS project located at Cheyenne Wells,Colorado.

Erosion

Khanna,R.K. Stable channels in erodible material. Ind.Engin.103(5): 168-169. May 1938.

Comment on Professor E.W.Lane's article bearing the same title which appeared in Proceedings,American Society of Civil Engineers, Nov.1935, pages 1307-1325.

The authors disagree on several points.

Woods,F.W. Du Buat's experiments[soil-erosive potential of streams of water]. Engin(London)165(4291):336-338,illus. Apr.8,1938.

"Historical review: Du Buat was one of the earliest research workers who discussed soil-erosive potential of streams of water;he defined 'bottom velocity' as 'velocity close to bed';it is shown that his conclusions as to 'bottom velocity' and mean velocity and 'velocity close to bed' must have been mistaken in spite of his apparently brilliant conceptions."--Civ.Engin.8(9):25. September 1938.

Farm Reservoirs

Howard, I.M. Rainstorms on tap. When rain is needed, it's needed badly and right away. Here's a scheme for storing rainy days on your farm, ready to turn on when you want them. Successful Farming 36(10): 18, 44-45, illus. October 1938.

Recommends farm reservoirs.

Floods and Flood Control

Bates, C.G. Reforestation and flood control. Jour. Forestry 36(10): 1073-1079. October 1938.

Brief summary of a long paper which includes the basic data on which the statements made in the summary are based. Paper available at Lake States Forest Experiment Station.

Diebold, C.H. The effect of vegetation upon snow cover and frost penetration during the March 1936 floods. Jour. Forestry 36(11): 1131-1137. November 1938.

"Literature cited," p. 1137.

"Although foresters and engineers have long debated the value of forests as a means of flood control, relatively few studies have been made. The floods of March 1936 occurred during the period when the author was conducting intensive studies concerning the effect of vegetation upon snow cover and soil temperature. The data presented show that hardwood forests are a favorable influence which should be considered in flood control programs."

Flow of Water

Vibert, A. Le mouvement de l'eau dans le sol. Génie Civil. 113(2916): 7-11. Jly. 2, 1938.

Theoretical mathematical analysis of flow of water through underground formations.

Grasses

Cates, J.S. Grass research begins. Country Gent. 108(10): 23, 67, illus. October 1938.

Refers in particular to the grass breeding unit established at State College in central Pennsylvania.

Enlow, C.R. Problems affecting the establishment of grass in the Great Plains. Soil Conserv. 4(3): 75-79, illus. September 1938.

The writer points to the various factors which have caused changed conditions for the seeding of grasses and legumes, among them being less rainfall, higher temperatures and consequent higher evaporation, less storage for water in the soil, and a higher percentage of loss of rain through run-off.

Wilcox, W.F. Lytle lauds wheat-grass. West.Farm Life, Nov.1,1938, pages 4,19.

A non-irrigation farmer in the Rockies above Montrose, Colorado believes that crested wheat-grass is "destined to revolutionize the forage question in regions of limited rainfall where a better perennial grass has long been needed."

Hydraulic Laboratories

Cook, H.L. Spartanburg outdoor hydraulic laboratory. Unique research station specializes in hydraulic problems peculiar to soil conservation. Civ.Engin.8(10):653-655,illus. October 1938.

Hydraulic problems of conservation engineering; description of the laboratory; study of vegetal channel linings.

Infiltration

Kittredge, Joseph, Jr. Comparative infiltration in forest and open. Jour.Forestry 36(11):1156-1157. November 1938.

The author cites a "local but striking example" of infiltration of water into the soil. Near Berkeley, California he found that there was four times more rapid infiltration under the forest than in the open.

International Congress of Applied Mechanics

[International congress of applied mechanics. Abstracts in English of papers presented at fifth congress, Cambridge, Mass., Sept.12 to 16, 1938] Jour.Applied Mech.5(3):A-97-A-136. September 1938.

Partial contents: Flow through granular media, by B.A.Bakhmeteff and Feodoroff, page A-98; On the hydrodynamical theory of the viscosity of suspensions, by M.Greenspan, page A-109; Applications of the statistical theory of turbulence to hydraulic problems, by R.L.Jordan, page A-112; Curvilinear flow of liquid with a free surface at a velocity above that of wave propagation, by R.T.Knapp and A.T.Ippen, page A-113; Researches on the theory of river flow, by P.Massé, page A-114; Experiments on the mechanics of sediment suspension, by Hunter Rouse, page A-126.

Irrigation

Israelsen, O.W. The history of irrigation in Utah. Civ.Engin.8(10): 672-674,illus. October 1938.

Abridged from a paper given at the 1938 convention of the Irrigation Division, American Society of Civil Engineers.

"Farmers in Utah...were early confronted with two major irrigation problems - first, how to conserve water, and second, how to conserve soils. In 1888, when the Utah Agricultural Experiment Station was created, it set out to develop by scientific research a body of information on the conservation of these two resources...Recognizing the need of coordinating the two, it is helpful to attempt a résumé of findings with respect to each, as follows:

Water Conservation

1. There is a definite relationship between the amount of water

applied to a particular soil and the yield for a given crop. This relationship - designated the yield-water curve - has been experimentally established for a few soils and crops in Utah. It shows that above a certain minimum required to produce a crop, further increments in water produce less and less crop increase until an amount is applied that will produce the maximum yield. Amounts in excess of this cause either a decrease, or no increase in yield, and therefore are a waste of water.

2. Water is used efficiently by plants, and therefore conserved, when the soil-moisture content is so maintained that water is always available. To most plants water is readily available when the moisture content of the soil ranges from a minimum of 2 or 3 per cent above the wilting point up to capillary capacity.

3. Maintenance of a high degree of soil fertility by crop rotation, use of barnyard manure, and other soil amendments contribute to the efficient use of water by plants and thereby to the conservation of water.

4. Well-drained soils constitute valuable irrigation water reservoirs by virtue of their capacity to hold water in the capillary form. The capacity of the soil reservoir is influenced by the depth of the soil, its texture and structure.

5. Soil permeabilities are of great importance in the selection of methods and designs for farm irrigation systems.

Soil Conservation

1. In Utah considerable loss of fertile soils due to erosion has occurred either because of improper design, or lack of design, of irrigation distribution systems and drainage channels. The principles of design now understood by engineers, if properly applied, would prevent much soil erosion.

2. Upward flow of water from ground-water sources, with resulting evaporation at the surface and deposition of alkali salts, must be prevented to conserve irrigated soils in arid regions.

3. In some areas, application of water in excess of actual crop needs is essential to leach alkali salts from the soil.

4. In the low-lying areas of many valleys, artificial under-drainage is essential to make downward flow and leaching possible.

5. The alkali control and reclamation problem by artificial drainage in soils of fine texture, compact structure and low permeability is extremely perplexing. In attacking this problem, the engineer needs the counsel and cooperation of the chemist, agronomist and soil scientist."

Sokoloff, V.P. Effect of neutral salts of sodium and calcium on carbon and nitrogen of soils. Jour. Agr. Research 57(3):201-216. Aug. 1, 1938.

"Literature cited," pp. 215-216.

Saline waters are frequently employed for irrigation purposes in the arid and semiarid regions of the Southwest. The amounts and the kinds of salts carried by irrigation waters determine to some extent the concentration and composition of the soil solution of irrigated lands. Comparatively little systematic interest has been manifested in ascertaining the influence of neutral salts on the microbiological transformations of the organic matter of soil such, for example, as lead to the production of carbon dioxide and nitrates.

The investigation reported was undertaken to determine these

transformations in two natural soils and in a third group prepared by leaching with sodium chloride a portion of one of the original soils.

Legumes

Klapp, E. The legumes of grassland. Herbage Rev. 6(3):164-171.

September 1938.

Translated by G.M. Roseveare from Forschungsdienst Suppl. 6:226-232. 1937.

Lespedezas

Pieters, A.J. The native American lespedezas. Soil Conserv. 4(3): 84-86, illus. September 1938.

"The object of this discussion is to call attention to [the eleven most common] lespedezas, to attempt such nontechnical description as will be usable, and at the same time to point out the distinguishing features of at least the more common species."

Lister Mulcher

The lister mulcher. Farm Impl. News 59(19):21, illus. Sept. 22, 1938.

Describes a lister or row-crop mulcher devised by a Kansas farmer, Gail Challis of Russell Springs, Kansas, which employs straw or any other farm refuse.

"The objectives primarily are to conserve moisture and prevent soil blowing. First the field is furrowed with the lister. Then the mulching machine is pulled along the row, or behind the lister when both jobs are done at the same time, and straw that has passed through a combine or thresher is deposited at the bottom of the furrow and slightly covered at the sides. One ton of dry threshed straw will mulch from 3 to 5 acres of land.

"Used at this rate in furrows that do not have more than 3 o/o slope, it is stated that the mulch will absorb a heavy rain without any run-off as well as preventing the crusting of the surface of the soil in the lister furrow."

Muskingum Conservancy District

Jenkins, Hal. Muskingum looks back - and ahead. Amer. Forests 44(9): 409-411, 431, illus. September 1938.

What has been accomplished in five years through cooperative effort in the Muskingum Watershed Conservancy District and plans for the future which include completion and development of artificial lakes, a land utilization and agricultural program and development of public parks for recreational areas and for the restoration of wildlife.

Raindrop Impact Measurement

Neal, J.H. and Bayer, L.L. Measuring the impact of raindrops. Jour. Amer. Soc. Agron. 29(8):703-709, illus. August 1937.

Describes an apparatus constructed to measure and automatically record the impact of falling drops of water.

Rain Gauges

Rain gauge system. Civ.Engin.8(10):12(adv.section) October 1938.
Describes briefly a system which has been in use in the Philippine Islands for several years, called the Hildabrand Remote Recording Rain Gauge System.

Range and Pasture Management

Doughty, T.E. and Fiero, Kenneth. Range conservation on Big Horn Draw. Soil Conserv.4(3):62-63, illus. September 1938.

Indicates improvements on a range, which is a segment of the Shoshone Indian Reservation, on Little Wind River, 21 miles north of Lander, Wyoming, as a result of the building of a drift fence, removal of surplus livestock, gully control, construction of stock water dams and spreader ditches.

Lister, P.B. Seasonal utilization of forage plants. Cattleman 25(3):29-30, illus. August 1938.

"A detailed 3-year experiment designed by the author to show seasonal differences, if any, in the utilization of important forage plants has recently been completed and the data analyzed by the most up-to-date methods. The end results of this study are herein presented in a practical way."

Nielson, A.B. Soil conservation practices on range and pasture lands show increased ranch income. Soil Conserv.4(3):69-71, illus. September 1938.

The 1,322 acre livestock-wheat ranch of a pioneer settler at Pomeroy in Garfield County, Washington is here described as an example of typical results obtained through the establishment of a sound, long-time agricultural program.

Semple, A.T. Livestock industry benefits from range management program. Soil Conserv.4(3):61, 71, 74. September 1938.

Stoddart, L.A. and Wilkinson, K.J. Inducing germination in Oryzopsis hymenoides for range reseeding. Jour.Amer.Soc.Agron.30(9):763-768. September 1938.

"Literature cited," p.762.

Run-off Measurement

The story of one heavy rainstorm. Calls attention to New York's soil erosion problem and methods of solving it. Farm Research(N.Y.Agr. Sta.)4(4):4. October 1938.

Calls attention to the rainstorm of unusual intensity which occurred on August 10 at the Geneva station and soil and water losses as indicated by experimental plots.

Youngquist, C.V. Ohio stream flow. Some limitations of the unit hydrograph method of estimating surface water run-off. Ohio Eng.Exp.Sta., Columbus.Eng.Exp.Sta.News 10(3):21-22, illus. June 1938.

Schools for Soil Conservation Methods

Gum, E.P. A school for soil protection. Banking 31(3):28.
September 1938.

Mr. Gum, secretary of the Oklahoma Bankers Association relates the efforts of Oklahoma bankers in promoting soil conservation in their state by means of a school in line running and terracing.

Kansas agent sponsors contour surveyors' school. U.S. Dept. Agr. Ext. Serv. Roy. 9(8):116. August 1938.

Describes school in Thomas county, Kansas which "graduates" certified surveyors of guidelines for contour furrowing and farming.

Sedimentation and Silt

Forester, D.M. The desilting works at Imperial dam. Reclam. Era 28(3):152-156, illus. August 1938.

Haller bros. A new method of silt control [in South Africa]. Primary dams as "vlei" builders with secondary dams for storing filtered water. Farmer's Weekly 55:201, illus. Mar. 30, 1938.

Johnson, J.W. A theory of silt transportation. Discussion. Amer. Soc. Civ. Engin. Proc. 64(7):1524-1528. September 1938.

Discusses a paper by W.M. Griffith published in the May 1938 issue.

Sharma, P.K.R. Automatic silt extractors without loss of water. Ind. Engin. 103(1):17-18, illus. January 1938.

Includes diagram and description of silt extractor constructed in India.

Wilson, A.N. The stability of earthen channels. Ind. Engin. 103(5):158. May 1938; 103(6):203. June 1938; 104(1):29. July 1938.

Part II indicates the effects of silt on regime dimensions and Part III, the experimental verification of silt effects.

Shipmast Locust

Raber, Oran. The history of shipmast locust. Jour. Forestry 36(11):1116-1119. November 1938.
"Literature cited," p. 1119.

Toole, E.R. Relative durability of black locust and shipmast locust when subjected to four wood decay fungi. Jour. Forestry 36(11):1120-1122. November 1938.

Soil Chemistry

Aderikhin, P.G. The influence of desiccation of soil on the mobility of its components. Pedology no. 2, 1938, pages 248-256.

"Drying tended to reduce the mobility and solubility of soil cations and anions. The maximum nitrate content in chernozem and podzol soils occurs when they are dried to about 60 per cent of their total moisture capacity. Air dried soil samples do not therefore represent the true condition of the soil in the field." - Soils and Fert. 1(4):144. 1938.

Prince, A.L., Toth, S.J. and Blair, A.W. The chemical composition of soil from cultivated land and from land abandoned to grass and weeds. Soil Sci. 46(5):379-389, illus. November 1938.
"References," p. 389.

[Sanfourche, M.] La solubilité des phosphates dans les solutions du sol et l'ascension capillaire (Phosphate solubility in soil solutions and capillary rise) Comp. Rend. Acad. Agr. France 24(13):469-478. Apr. 27, 1938.

"During the process of the drying out of a soil, soluble phosphates tend to concentrate on the surface but if they become insoluble their distribution in the different layers of the soil is homogeneous." - Soil and Fert. 1(4):145. 1938.

Soil Conservation District Law

Hopkins, Howard. Recent developments in cooperative opportunities between federal and state forest agencies. Jour. Forestry 36(11): 1110-1115. November, 1938.

"The problems facing the private owner of forest land may be approached through increased public ownership of forest land, public regulation, or cooperative effort. The author prefers the cooperative method. During the past few years at least six federal laws have been enacted providing for more extensive cooperation between the federal government and the private owner. The possible application and the possibilities of these laws [one of which is the Soil Conservation District Law] are described in detail."

Soil Erosion and Control. Foreign Countries.

Bonné, A. Natural resources of Palestine. Geogr. Jour. 92(3):259-266. September 1938.

"In view of the importance of forests for Palestine, because of their functions in arresting soil erosion, as a storage reservoir for the exiguous rainfall, and as an ameliorator of climatic extremes, the value of systematic afforestation policy cannot be over-emphasized. It is practically impossible to recapture the abundant rain-water on the hill-tops once it falls to earth, because in the absence of forest earth it percolates through to the lower strata of rock and is lost. Therefore it is believed that the final solution of the water problem - i.e. conservation of rainfall - can only be achieved by systematic afforestation, upon which Government and Jewish institutions have begun work in recent years."

Collier, F.S. and Dundas, J. The arid regions of northern Nigeria and the French Niger colony. Empire Forestry Jour. 16(2):184-194. 1937.
The general character of the region has not altered during the historical period, but human occupation, with extensive clearing of the forests and over-utilization of the soil, is exposing the soil to wind and water erosion, which results in unregulated run-off. Control measures include land use classification and establishment of forest reserves on land that should not be cleared.

Gerrie, R.M. Soil erosion in India. Nature 142(3595):560-561, illus. Sept. 24, 1938.

Substance of a paper read before the Royal Society of Arts on May 3, 1938.

Gives new Indian statistics on erosion losses.

Contrasts American run-off data with tentative data of the same sort for India.

Hampel, Robert. Wort und Ausführung von kulturellen Arbeiten in Wildbächen (Cost and execution of silvicultural works along torrential streams) Wiener Allg. Forst- u. Jagd-Ztg. 56:143-144. Jly. 1, 1938.

Liebenberg, J.C. Soil-erosion control in the Union. VI. Run-off and veld improvement. Farming So. African. 13(148):269-270, illus. July 1938.

Olsen, Lois. Poor man's cow. Soil Conservation 4(4):96-99. October 1938.

Historical discussion of the damage done to European lands by huge herds of goats in destroying the vegetation and exposing the soil to erosion.

Sellschop, J. The work of the Upington research station. Farming So. Africa 13(148):253-255, 276. July 1938.

"A Research Station has been established on Major Island at Upington [Gordonia District, South Africa] for the benefit of approximately 2,500 farmers who occupy the irrigable soil along the Orange River... In the lay-out... certain important principles have been followed to protect fields against erosion and the intense effects of wind on loose sandy soils. Tillable land has been kept on the highest possible elevation in the levelling thereof. Fields have been given even widths in order that water, which may cover them completely, is not forced through narrow passages ('slopes'). Levees (embankments) on three sides of the Station allow silt-carrying water to flow in slowly on to the lowest open side only instead of rushing through the entire length of the grounds. To avoid eroding of the levees, elephant grass (Napier fodder) has been planted along their sides, of which the dry canes have been packed on the levee sides in order to overcome blowing away of soil while it is not yet overgrown by couch or quick grass."

Sobolev, S.S. Study of gully erosion on the territory of the European part of the U.S.S.R. Pedology no. 2, 1938, pages 231-247.

Mapping and classification of erosion types.

Wickes, R.R. and Lowdormilk, W.C. Soil conservation in ancient Peru. Soil Conservation 4(4):91-94, illus. October 1938.

Bibliographical footnotes.

"...Without iron implements, wheels or draft animals, without a knowledge of chemistry or of writing, the ancient Peruvians developed an agriculture which persisted through hundred of years, mastered soil erosion, and is still continuing, with slight change, over considerable areas... For intelligent industry, for solving problems in land use which we have not yet the temerity (or need) to undertake, for

preventing soil erosion, and for the conservation of soil and water, the ancient inhabitants of Feru must be acknowledged as the first soil conservationists of the New World".

Winters, N.E. Erosion problem confronts Hawaii. Soil Conservation 4(4):101-103, illus. October 1938.

Discussion of the development of the Hawaiian Islands and the erosion problems existent.

Soil Fertility

Soil fertility and economic nationalism. Soils and Fert.1(4):135-137. 1938.

Soil Microbiology

Eggleton, W.G.E. The influence of environmental factors on numbers of soil microorganisms. Soil Sci.46(5):351-363. November 1938.

"References," pp.362-363.

Soil Moisture

Conn, H.J. and Darrow, M.A. The effect of moisture changes on soil as a medium for bacterial growth. Soil Sci.46(5):365-377. November 1938.
"References," p.377.

Geller, I.A. and Kavetsky, N.S. A volumetric modification of moisture determination in structural soil units. Pedology no.1, 1938, pages 131-135.

"The moisture percentage of an aggregate, of a known capillary suction power, is determined by measuring the amount of water necessary for the complete capillary saturation of the aggregate." — Soils and Fert.1(4):150. 1938.

Koposov, I.P. Soil moisture as a factor of structure formation. Chemisation of Socialistic Agr. no.3, 1938, pages 99-108.

"A study of the effect of alternate wetting and drying on the aggregate composition of soils with an exchange complex saturated with Ca and Mg." --Soils & Fert.1(5):195. 1938.

Soil Physics

Chapek, M.V. The solid phase of the soil and the dispersion medium. Pedology no.3, 1938, pages 372-415.

Article in Russian.

"A review considering the main problems of the interaction between the solid phase of the soil and water. A classification of the categories of water in the soil is proposed and their characteristics described." - Soils & Fert.1(5):195. 1938.

Freckmann, W. and Baumann, H. Zu den grundfragen des wasserhaushalts im boden und seiner erforschung (II. Teil) (Basic problems of moisture economy in soil and its investigation. Part II) Bodenk. Pflernähr. 7(3/4):129-161. 1938.

"Tank and field tests of the distribution of moisture in soil during the growth period of different crops grown in rotation. The soil moisture status after a crop depended a good deal on the type of crop used." - Soil and Fert. 1(4):152. 1938.

Abstract also in Chem. Abs. 32(21):8654. Nov. 10, 1938.

Hielscher, M. Untersuchungen über die wasserbewegung im boden (Investigations of water movement in soil) Bodenk. Pflernähr. 7(5/6): 257-278, illus. 1938.

"Water was extracted from the soil under reduced pressure and the amount extracted plotted against time. The curves show that there are 3 categories of moisture. Cracking occurred in all the soil under reduced pressure except in pure sand and clay soils." - Soils and Fert. 1(4):151. 1938.

Soil Structure

Sideri, D. I. On the formation of structure in soil: V. Granular structure. Soil Sci. 46(3):267-271, illus. September 1938.

Stream Flow

Hertzler, R. A. Determination of a formula for the 120-deg V-notch weir. Civ. Engin. 8(11):756, illus. November 1938.

Describes weir designed to measure stream flow from zero to 26 cu ft per sec. in connection with the "forest influences" investigations now being made by the Appalachian Forest Experiment Station which involves a study of the effect of vegetative cover and land use on stream flow.

Water Facilities Program

Kenney, F. R. Water for the west. The water facilities program gets under way. U. S. Bur. Agr. Econ. Land Policy Rev. 1(3):1-5, illus. Sept/Oct. 1938.

Wildlife Management

Davis, K. S. Game fits into a system of soil-saving, money-making farming; and affords a Minnesota neighborhood real enjoyment in the bargain. Successful Farming 36(10):9, 40-43, illus. October 1938.

Wind Erosion

Bennett, H. H. Emergency and permanent control of wind erosion in the Great Plains. Sci. Mo. 47(5):331-399, illus. November 1938.

Cooperative community action applied to wind-eroded county in Montana. U. S. Ext. Serv. Rev. 9(9):133, illus. September 1938.

Assisting the farmers in northeastern Valley County, Montana in putting a total of 15,800 acres under wind-erosion control were the county A. A. A. committee, Soil Conservation Service and the Montana Extension Service.

Lamb, H.H. Wind erosion in Scotland. Nat. Mag. 73(872):209-210. September 1938.

Brief report on "unusual devastation on the ploughed and sown land" at Montrose on April 2, 1938.

MacMillan, R.T. Farm families in the dust bowl. U.S. Bur. Agr. Econ. Land Policy Rev. 1(3):14-17. Sept/Oct. 1938.

Reports some of the findings of recent sociological studies by the Farm Security Administration in Baca county, Colo. and Haskell and Seward counties, Kans. which should influence the formulation of land policies.

Watson, W.R. Economic units for the dust bowl. Soil Conserv. 4(3): 80-81, 88, illus. September 1938.

Outlines the objectives and some of the results of the cooperative program in the dust bowl and bordering areas carried on by the Soil Conservation Service and the Farm Security Administration.

BOOK AND PAMPHLET NOTES AND ABSTRACTS

Adanson, R.S. Vegetation of South Africa. 235pp., illus. London, British Empire vegetation committee, 1938. (Monographs of British empire vegetation) 460.46 Ad1
References at end of each chapter.

American geophysical Union. Transactions of ...nineteenth annual meeting April 27 to 30, 1938, Washington, D.C.; regional meetings, December 28 to 29, 1937, Spokane, Washington; January 7 to 8, 1938, Davis, California; June 21, 1937, Denver, Colorado (addendum) 2 parts, illus. Washington, D.C. Published by the National research council of the National academy of sciences, August 1938. 330.9 Am3

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